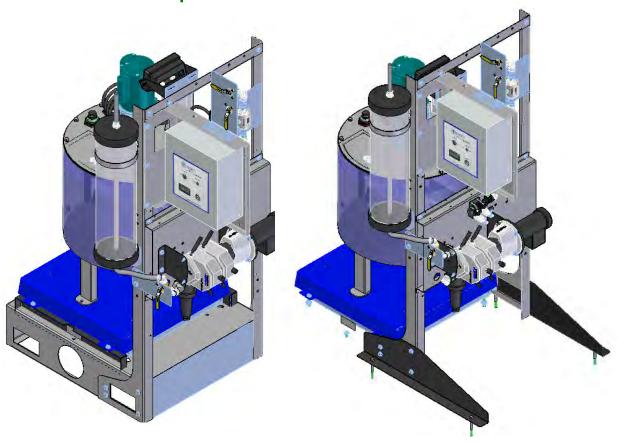


PUMP STAND W/MANUAL CONTROLLER (PS00)

Operators Manual



Document: TD-09-06-1069



2320 124th Road











Revision: A

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing USC, LLC for your equipment needs. We appreciate your business and will work diligently to ensure that you are satisfied with your choice.

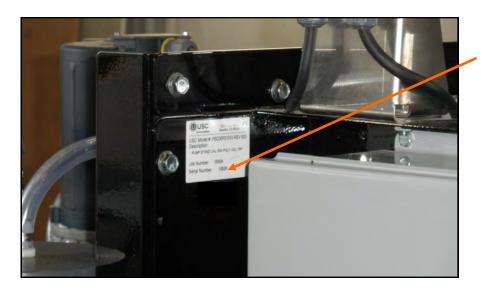
<u>OVERVIEW</u>

The purpose of this manual is to provide you with the basic information needed to operate and maintain the USC Manual Pump Stand. It does not hold USC, LLC liable for any accidents or injuries that may occur.

RECEIVING YOUR EQUIPMENT

As soon as the equipment is received, it should be carefully inspected to make certain that it has sustained no damage during shipment and that all items listed on the packing list are accounted for. If there is any damage or shortages, the purchaser must immediately notify your USC dealer. Ownership passes to purchaser when the unit leaves the USC, LLC. premises. The purchaser is responsible for unloading and mounting all components of the equipment.

Document the serial number of the machine for future reference. The serial number is located on the frame next to the pump stand control panel.



Serial Number

SERIAL NUMBER:__



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SECTION SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Every year accidents in the work place maim, kill and injure people. Although it may be impossible to prevent all accidents, with the right combination of training, operating practices, safety devices and operator vigilance, the number of accidents can be significantly reduced. The purpose of this section is to educate equipment users about hazards, unsafe practices and recommended hazard avoidance techniques.

SAFETY WORDS AND SYMBOLS

It is very important that operators and maintenance personnel understand the words and symbols that are used to communicate safety information. Safety words, their meaning and format, have been standardized for U.S. manufacturers and published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). The European Community (E.C.) has adopted a different format based on the International Standards Organization (I.S.O.) and applicable machinery directives. Both formats are presented below. Graphic symbols are not standardized but most manufacturers will use some variation of the ones seen in this manual.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could** result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **may** result in minor or moderate injury and/or property damage.



Provides additional information that the operator needs to be aware of to avoid a potentially hazardous situation.





Mandatory Lockout Power Symbol. Disconnect, lockout and tagout electrical and other energy sources before inspecting, cleaning or performing maintenance on this panel.



International Safety Alert Symbol. The exclamation point (!) surrounded by a yellow triangle indicates that an injury hazard exists. However, it does not indicate the seriousness of potential injury. The exclamation point (!) is also used with the DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION symbols so the potential injury is indicated.



Electrocution Hazard Symbol. This symbol indicates that an electrocution hazard exists. Serious injury or death could result from contacting high voltage.



International Electrocution Hazard. This symbol indicates that an electrocution hazard exists. Serious injury or death could result from contacting high voltage.



Mandatory Read Manual Action Symbol. (I.S.O. format) This symbol instructs personnel to read the Operators Manual before servicing or operating the equipment.



Mandatory Read Manual Action Symbol. This symbol instructs personnel to read the Operators Manual before servicing or operating the equipment.



Notice is used to notify people of important installation, operation or maintenance information which is not hazard related.



LOCKOUT / TAGOUT PROCEDURES

Lockout/Tagout is the placement of a lock/tag on an energy isolating device in accordance with an established procedure. When taking equipment out of service to perform maintenance or repair work, always follow the lockout/tagout procedures as outlined in ANSI Z344.1 and/or OSHA Standard 1910.147. This standard "requires employers to establish a program and utilize procedures for affixing appropriate lockout devices or tagout devices to energy isolating devices and to otherwise disable machines or equipment to prevent unexpected energizing, start-up, or release of stored energy in order to prevent injury to employees."

CONTROLLED STOP

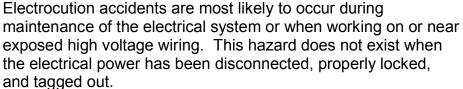
This is the stopping of machine motion by reducing the electrical command signal to 0 (zero) once the stop signal has been recognized.

HAZARD REVIEW





Electrocution Hazard









Automatic Start Hazard

This equipment may be controlled by an automated system and may start without warning. Failure to properly disconnect, lockout, and tagout all energy sources of remotely controlled equipment creates a very hazardous situation and could cause injury or even death. PLEASE STAY CLEAR AND BE ALERT.



YOU are responsible for the **SAFE** operation and maintenance of your USC, LLC equipment . **YOU** must ensure that you and anyone else who is going to operate, maintain or work around the equipment be familiar with the operating and maintenance procedures and related **SAFETY** information contained in this manual. This manual will take you step-by-step through your working day and alert you to good safety practices that should be adhered to while operating the equipment

Remember, **YOU** are the key to safety. Good safety practices not only protect you, but also the people around you. Make these practices a working part of your safety program. Be certain that **EVERYONE** operating this equipment is familiar with the recommended operating and maintenance procedures and follows all the safety precautions. Most accidents can be prevented. Do not risk injury or death by ignoring good safety practices.

- Equipment owners must give operating instructions to operators or employees before allowing them to operate the machine, and at least annually thereafter per OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) regulation 1928.57.
- The most important safety device on this equipment is a SAFE operator. It is the
 operator's responsibility to read and understand ALL Safety and Operating
 instructions in the manual and to follow them. All accidents can be avoided.
- A person who has not read and understood all operating and safety instructions is not qualified to operate the machine. An untrained operator exposes himself and bystanders to possible serious injury or death.
- Do not modify the equipment in any way. Unauthorized modification may impair the function and/or safety and could affect the life of the equipment.
- Think SAFETY! Work SAFELY!

GENERAL SAFETY

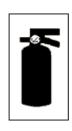
- 1. Read and understand the operator's manual and all safety labels before operating, maintaining, adjusting or unplugging the equipment.
- 2. Only trained persons shall operate the equipment . An untrained operator is not qualified to operate the machine.
- 3. Have a first-aid kit available for use should the need arise, and know how to use it.







- 4. Provide a fire extinguisher for use in case of an accident. Store in a highly visible place.
- 5. Do not allow children, spectators or bystanders within hazard area of machine.
- 6. Wear appropriate protective gear. This includes but is not limited to:
 - A hard hat
 - Protective shoes with slip resistant soles
 - Protective goggles
 - Heavy gloves
 - Hearing protection
 - Respirator or filter mask
- 7. Place all controls in neutral or off, stop motor, and wait for all moving parts to stop. Then disable power source before servicing, adjusting, repairing, or unplugging.
- 8. Review safety related items annually with all personnel who will be operating or maintaining the equipment.







OPERATING SAFETY:

- 1. Read and understand the operator's manual and all safety labels before using.
- 2. Disconnect and disable electrical supply completely and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, repairing or unplugging.
- 3. Clear the area of bystanders, especially children, before starting.
- 4. Be familiar with the machine hazard area. If anyone enters hazard area, shut down machine immediately. Clear the area before restarting.
- 5. Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving and/or rotating parts.
- 6. Stay away from overhead obstructions and power lines during operation and transporting. Electrocution can occur without direct contact.
- 7. Do not operate machine when any guards are removed.
- 8. Inspect welds and repair if needed.



PLACEMENT SAFETY

- 1. Move only with the appropriate equipment
- 2. Stay away from overhead power lines when moving the treater. Electrocution can occur without direct contact.
- 3. Be familiar with machine hazard area. If anyone enters hazard areas, shut down machine immediately. Clear the area before restarting.
- 4. Operate the treater on level ground free of debris. Anchor the treater to prevent tipping or upending.



Before placement of the pump stand, be sure that ground is reasonably level. The pump stand may topple or work improperly if the ground is too uneven, damaging the equipment and/or causing personal injury.

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

- 1. Review the Operator's Manual and all safety items before working with, maintaining or operating the Equipment.
- 2. Place all controls in neutral or off, stop motors, disable power source, and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, repairing or unplugging.
- 3. Follow good shop practices:

Keep service area clean and dry. Be sure electrical outlets and tools are properly grounded. Use adequate light for the job at hand.



- 4. Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving and/or rotating parts.
- 5. Clear the area of bystanders, especially children, when carrying out any maintenance and repairs or making any adjustments.
- 6. Before resuming work, install and secure all guards when maintenance work is completed.
- 7. Keep safety labels clean. Replace any sign that is damaged or not clearly visible.



SAFETY LABELS

- 1. Keep safety labels clean and legible at all times.
- 2. Replace safety labels that are missing or have become illegible.
- 3. Replaced parts that displayed a safety sign should also display the current sign.
- 4. Replacement safety labels are available. Contact your authorized dealer.

How to Install Safety Labels:

- Be sure that the installation area is clean and dry.
- Be sure temperature is above 50°F (10°C).
- Decide on the exact position before you remove the backing paper.
- Remove the smallest portion of the split backing paper.
- Align the sign over the specified area and carefully press the small portion with the exposed sticky backing in place.
- Slowly peel back the remaining paper and carefully smooth the remaining portion of the sign in place.
- Small air pockets can be pierced with a pin and smoothed out using the piece of sign backing paper.



Located on the USC equipment you will find safety labels. Always be sure to read and follow all directions on the labels.



Part # 09-02-0001



Part # 09-02-0010



Part # 09-02-0002



Guards provided with USC equipment are to remain in place during operation.



INSTALLATION SECTION B



HIGH VOLTAGE ~ Always disconnect the power source before working on or near the control panel or lead wires.



HIGH VOLTAGE ~ Use insulated tools when making adjustments while the controls are under power.



Permanent installation may require additional electrical cords, chemical tubing, and air lines, since each installation is unique.

SET-UP

The following steps outline the initial set-up of your USC Manual Pump Stand:

- 1. Clear the area of bystanders, especially small children, before moving.
- 2. Be sure there is enough clearance from overhead obstructions and power lines or other equipment to move the machine into its working position.
- 3. Using a forklift, place the pump stand in the desired position on a level surface.

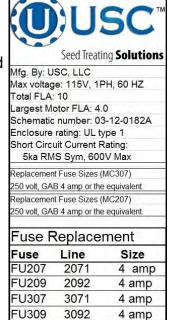


USC highly recommends that the pump stand be set up inside a building or any covered structure to protect the machine from weathering.

- 4. Inspect pump stand thoroughly for screws, bolts, fittings, etc. which may have come loose during shipping.
- 5. The pump stand(s) should be placed on level ground close to the seed treater.



The Manual Pump Stand is equipped with a 110 volt plug in cord for both the mix motor.



Auxiliary Port



7. For LPV and LPX treaters, attach the

chemical tubing from the pump stand(s) to the static mixer assembly plumbing on the seed treater (left). For all other treaters additional tubing may be added or removed to accommodate your set-up.

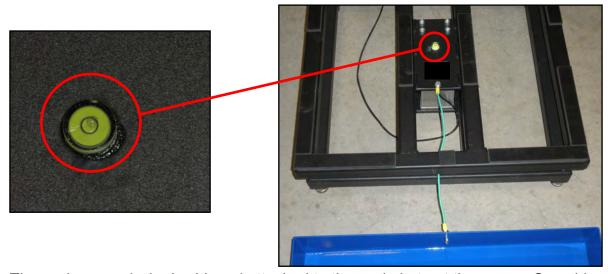
 For pump stands operating in the AUTO mode, a yellow two wire cable connection is required from the auxiliary port on the pump stand control panel to the treater control panel.





READ ONLY SCALE (OPTIONAL)

When setting up a pump stand, the scale must be balanced. Set the scale on the floor in the location it will be operating, unless it is a box mount as shown on cover. On the box mounted scale, the centering procedure is the same. The center of the scale has a leveling bubble on it. Use a 9/16" open end wrench to raise or lower the feet in the corners of the scale until the bubble is in the center ring. Lock down jam nuts on the feet for all four corners. The example shown below is not balanced.



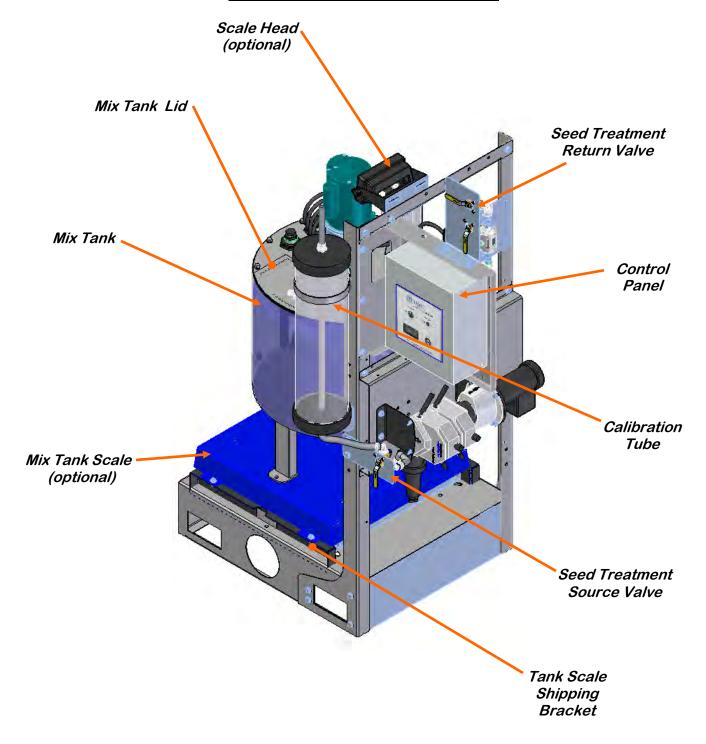
The scale ground wire is shipped attached to the scale but not the cover. One side of the cover has a screw inserted. Set the cover on the balanced scale with that side on the same side as the ground wire. Remove the fastener, run it through the ground wire eyelet and re-attach it to the cover.



SECTION C

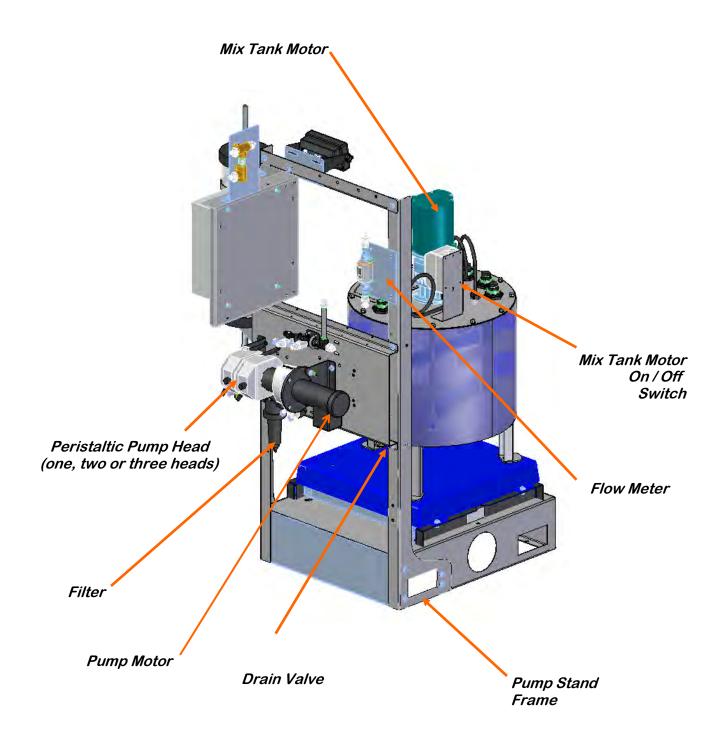
MECHANICAL OPERATION

MANUAL PUMP STAND OVERVIEW





MANUAL PUMP STAND OVERVIEW





MIX TANK

This pump stand includes a choice of 15, 30 or 55 gallon poly and 30, 60 or 100 gallon stainless steel chemical mix tank. This chemical mix tank will have electric drive agitation that is turned on or off at the pump stand with a manual switch. The agitator should be running at all times when treatment is present in the mix tank to keep the chemical mixed and in a suspended state. The tank is equipped with a shut-off, drain plug, and drain valve located on the bottom. The top of the tank also includes 3 extra ports which the operator can use to direct fill into the tank (see below).



CALIBRATION TUBE

The pump stand may be equipped with a calibration tube which is used to check the liquid flow rate. The calibration tube measures in ounces, on a 0-340 scale and millimeters on a 0-10000 scale. Manual valves direct liquid from different areas to keep all liquid contained. This creates a closed chemical system so that the operator can manually check the calibration of the chemical flow rate without handling any of the chemical.

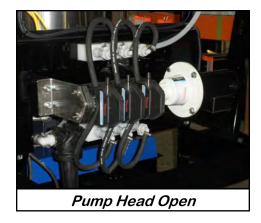


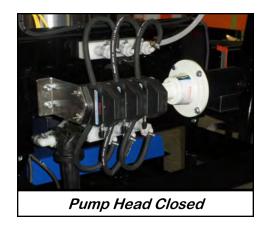


PERISTALTIC PUMP HEADS AND MOTOR

The pump stand utilizes a variable speed pump motor and special norprene pump tubing for liquid metering. The pump comes equipped with either 1, 2 or 3 peristaltic pump heads. Liquid will only come into contact with the inside diameter of the pump tubing and not the pump. This allows for easy cleanup and less maintenance of the pump.

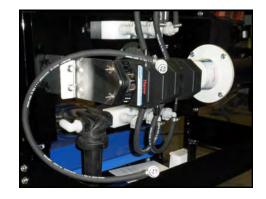
To open the pump head, lift the lever upward. Place the pump tubing inside the pump head so it fits inside the notches and above the rollers. Lower the lever back down to close the pump head, clamping the hose inside the head. Wear or fatiguing of the tubing within the pump head due to compression is normal. When tubing becomes worn or chemical rates begin to slow down, open the pump head and move the tubing to a different position. If the entire piece of tubing becomes worn, simply replace with a new section. When not using the pump stand for several days or when storing, open the pump head and remove the tubing to prevent any extra compression.





If a very low rate is needed, a section of tubing may be removed to force the pump motor to run at a higher speed. This allows for a more consistent flow rate. When removing the tubing, uncouple it from the manifold (below, right). If the tubing is unclamped from the pump head but left coupled in the manifold (below, left), the pump will suck air and cause flow rates to be very inconsistent.

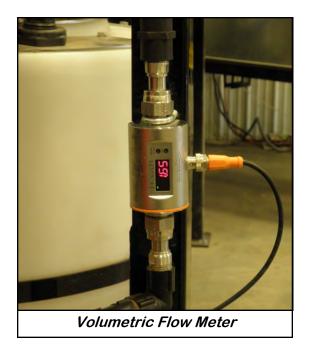


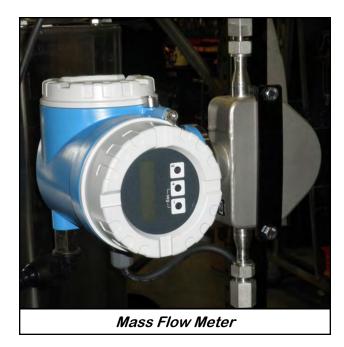




FLOW METER

Each pump stand may be equipped with either a volumetric or mass flow meter. A flow meter is used to perform real-time chemical flow adjustments and monitoring without the operator having to handle the chemical. The flow meter reading will be displayed on the Red Lion digital display and may be set to read in oz/min or ml/min.

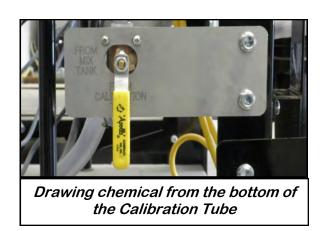




PUMP STAND VALVES

<u>Seed Treatment Source Valve:</u> This valve controls where the pump is drawing liquid from. It allows liquid to be pulled from either the bottom of the mix tank or the calibration tube.







<u>Seed Treatment and Return Valves:</u> The bottom valve directs the liquid to the top valve or to the seed treater. The top valve directs the liquid coming from the mix tank or calibration tube or back to the calibration tube or mix tank for re-circulation.



Proper calibration of the liquid system is critical to achieve a proper granular/chemical mixture. Use the calibration procedure on pages 22 through 26 to determine liquid flow rate.

Emptying the remaining liquid can be done by using the reverse function on the control panel. This will pump liquid back into the mix tank. Then drain the remaining liquid into a suitable container. Clean water should be pumped through the calibration tube and mix tank when finished.



Always dispose of chemical or diluted chemical according to your local, state, and federal regulations.



Only you, the operator, can determine the length of time required to completely rinse all chemical residue from the tank and plumbing system.



SECTION D

ELECTRICAL OPERATION



HIGH VOLTAGE ~ Always disconnect the power source before working on or near the control panel or lead wires.



HIGH VOLTAGE ~ Use insulated tools when making adjustments while the controls are under power.



AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL only shall work on the control panel. Never allow anyone who has not read and familiarized themselves with the owner's manual to open or work on the control panel.

This section provides a general overview and description of the operator controls for the Manual Pump Stand.

General Panel Descriptions

 The Manual Pump Stand Panel is a plug connected enclosure that is located on each pump stand frame. This panel has the components to operate the pump stand and connects the pump stand electrical components to the Treater Control Panel. Power to this panel is supplied by a standard 110V plug.

MANUAL PUMP STAND CONTROL PANEL





PUMP CONTROL DEFINITIONS

- 1. CHEMICAL PUMP SWITCH: When this switch is turned to HAND, the chemical pump will run. When the switch is turned to AUTO, the chemical pump will only run when the auxiliary signal is being sent from the treater panel. The yellow, 2-Wire auxiliary cable must be connected to the auxiliary port on the treater control panel for this feature will work. When the PUMP / AUX CONTROL module on the treater is placed in HAND, the chemical pump will run at any time. When placed to AUTO, it will only run when the proximity switch located in the bottom of the seed treater supply hopper detects seed and the atomizer is running. The proximity switch determines when seed is present in the hopper. When the proximity switch no longer detects seed, a time delay defined on the treater will automatically shut off the chemical pump at a predetermined amount of time after the hopper has emptied. The time delay allows all seed in the hopper to receive equal coverage.
- 2. PUMP VOLTMETER / FLOW METER DISPLAY: If the pump stand does not have a flow meter, the DC voltage the pump is receiving will be displayed. If pump stand is equipped with a flow meter, the current flow rate of the flow meter will be displayed. As the pumps speed is increased or decreased, these numbers will increase or decrease accordingly. Press the SEL button to switch between the rate and totalizer displays. Press the RST button to reset the totalizer display
- <u>3. CHEMICAL PUMP DIRECTION:</u> This switch allows the operator to change the pump direction between forward and reverse. It has a safety feature that will not allow the operator to switch from forward to reverse or vice-versa without momentarily stopping and releasing the switch in the center position.
- <u>4. LIQUID ADJ. DIAL:</u> This dial allows the operator to increase or decrease the speed of pump. The setting should be chosen in relation to the desired application rate for the treatment being applied to the seed.



SECTION E

CALIBRATION

PUMP CALIBRATION

The following steps illustrate how to calibrate the peristaltic pump motor. A stop watch will be needed in the calibration process.

- 1. Lock down the pump tubing on all peristaltic pump heads (see page 17).
- 2. Premix enough liquid for the amount of seed you will be treating and pour into the mix tank. It's always a good practice to mix up 20% extra slurry to help fill all the lines. Turn on the mix tank and allow liquid to mix.
- 3. Place the seed treatment source valve to the FROM MIX TANK position. Place the bottom return valve to TO CALIBRATE /TO MIX TANK position. Place the top return valve to TO MIX TANK. The return valves are located on top of the pump stand (right, top).
- 4. Turn the pump direction switch to FORWARD.
- 5. Turn the HAND / OFF / AUTO switch to the HAND position and set the pump LIQUID ADJ. dial (right, bottom) to about 500 or half speed. The liquid should begin re-circulating from the bottom of the mix tank, through the pump, and back into the top of the mix tank.
- 6. Allow pump to re-circulate liquid for approximately 15 minutes to ensure all air has been removed from the liquid lines. This will also help break-in the pump tubing, which is critical before checking pump calibration.
- 7. After you have allowed the liquid to re-circulate you are ready to calibrate the pump. Determine the number of ounces needed in one minute. You will need to know the seed flow rate from the seed treater.





EXAMPLE: The seed treatment slurry rate is 4 ounces per cwt.

Seed Flow Rate = 6.41 cwt/min. x 4 oz./cwt. = 25.6 oz./min. 25.6 oz. is the rate the pump should be pumping in one minute



PUMP CALIBRATION

8. Set the Liquid Adjustment Dial . You can use the chart on page 24 to find a starting point.

EXAMPLE: The ounces needed in one minute = 25.6 oz/min. Assume we are using a 6-600 Masterflex pump. An approximate starting point is 31.8 volts.

- While the pump is still running, place the top return valve to the TO CALIBRATE
 position. Once the liquid in the calibration tube reaches zero press HAND or OFF
 to stop the pump, see figure 1 below.
- 10. Press the HAND button and start the stopwatch simultaneously. Stop the pump when the stopwatch reaches one minute. Note the total ounces of chemical that is in the calibration tube, see figure 2 below. This number should equal the number of ounces needed to flow through the pump in one minute. If the ounces needed per minute have not been met, re-adjust the pump speed up or down accordingly and repeat steps 9 and 10 until the liquid flow rate has been matched.

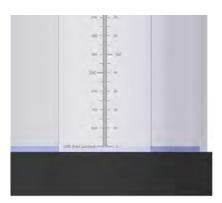


Figure 1 Liquid at 0 oz.

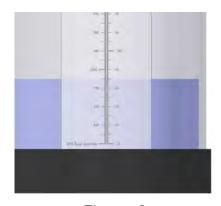


Figure 2 Liquid at 35 oz. after 1 minute



Below are two charts that show the potential volts and oz / min at different dial settings.



All calibrations were done using water. These numbers were obtained using one peristaltic pump head. Numbers are not exact, only use these numbers as a starting point or for troubleshooting.

Standard Data

Metric Data

6-600 RPM Motor and L / S Pump Head with Masterflex L / S 35 Pump Tubing

6-600 RPM Motor and L/S Pump Head with Masterflex L / S 35 Pump Tubing

ml /Min

Volte

<u>Volts</u>	OZ./Min.
10.5	7.4
14.6	10.5
18.8	14.1
22.9	17.7
27.0	21.3
31.2	24.9
35.3	28.5
39.4	32.1
43.6	35.7
47.7	39.3
51.8	42.9
55.9	46.5
60.1	50.1
64.2	53.7
68.3	57.3
72.5	60.9
76.6	64.5
80.7	68.1
84.9	71.7
89.0	75.3

ml./Min.
219
302
417
524
630
737
843
950
1,056
1,162
1,268
1,375
1,482
1,588
1,695
1,800
1,908
2,014
2,121
2,227



FLOW METER CALIBRATION

You will need a stopwatch for this calibration.

1. Determine a desired flow rate

EXAMPLE: The seed treatment slurry rate is 5 ounces per cwt.

Seed Flow Rate = 10.8 cwt/min. x 5 oz./cwt. = 54 oz./min.

54 oz. is the rate the pump should be pumping in one minute.

- 2. Set the Liquid Flow Rate. Make sure the chemical is diverted back into the mix tank, then using the Liquid Adj. dial, increase or decrease the pump speed until the liquid flow rate has been matched.
- 3. Begin the calibration process by pumping chemical into the calibration tube or a measuring cup and using the stop watch to start timing once the liquid reaches the zero mark on the calibration tube.
- 4. Note the rate that the flow meter display on the pump stand is currently reading.

EXAMPLE: Flow meter reading = 54 0z./min

- 5. After approximately one minute, simultaneously stop timing and shut down the flow of liquid to the calibration tube or measuring cup.
- 6. Note the total ounces of liquid in the calibration tube or measuring cup and the total amount of time that it took to fill the tube to that level in seconds. Divide those two numbers to find the ounces per second (Oz./Sec) of liquid application rate. Now multiply the ounces per second of liquid application rate by 60 to get the ounces per minute (Oz./Min) liquid application rate. This number is the actual amount of ounces per minute that the pump is currently pumping.

EXAMPLE: Total ounces of liquid in the calibration tube = 57 ounces.

Total amount of time to fill calibration tube = 62 seconds.

Oz./Sec liquid application rate = 57 ounces / 62 seconds = 0.9194

Oz./Min liquid application rate = 0.9194×60 seconds = 55.16

The actual liquid application rate is 55.16 Oz./min



7. Take the flow meter reading that was previously noted and divide it by the actual liquid application rate. This number will give you the calibration factor that the flow meter reading will need to be adjusted by.

EXAMPLE: Flow meter reading = 54 Oz./min

Actual liquid application rate = 55.16 Oz./min

Calibration factor = 54 / 55.16 = 0.9790

The calibration factor is 0.9790

8. In order to find the flow meter reading that is needed for accurate application of the liquid, you must now multiply the calibration factor by the desired application rate.

EXAMPLE: Calibration factor = 0.9790

Desired flow rate = 54 Oz./min

Flow meter reading for accurate application = $0.9790 \times 54 = 52.87$

52.87 Oz./min is the rate that the flow meter should read to

ensure proper flow is being achieved.

9. Now you can set the pump dial so that the flow meter will read the rate that is needed to ensure the accurate flow of liquid is being applied to the seed.



TROUBLESHOOTING

SECTION F

TROUBLESHOOTING

Below is a table describing the most frequent problems and solutions with the Manual Pump Stand. For further assistance, contact the USC Service department at (785) 431-7900.

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Pump is fluctuating.	 Restriction in tubing Filter is plugged or missing gasket. Hoses are worn out. 	 Flush tubing and check filter for any restrictions. Clean filter and check for gasket. Replace hoses.
Pump will not turn off in AUTO when seed runs out.	 Proximity switch is dirty. Proximity switch is set too sensitive. 	Clean proximity switch. Adjust the pump proximity switch sensitivity by turning adjustment screw counterclockwise.
Pump will not turn on in AUTO.	 Proximity switch is not staying covered. Proximity switch is not sensitive enough. HMI screen not set to AUTO. Auxiliary cable not connected. 	 Make sure proximity switch is staying covered with seed. Adjust pump proximity switch sensitivity by turning the adjustment screw clockwise. Set HMI screen to AUTO. Attach Auxiliary cable from control panel to treater control panel.
Mix Motor will not start	Power cord not plugged in.	1. Plug in power cord.



SECTION MAINTENANCE

Proper maintenance of the Manual Pump Stand is critical for peak performance, reliability and accuracy of this system. The following is a guideline for the type of maintenance and servicing that should be performed on this unit. Your environment and uses may require additional maintenance and service beyond this list to assure a reliable and safe unit. The operator of this unit has ultimate responsibility to identify areas of concern and rectify them before they become a hazard or safety issue. There is no substitute for a trained, alert operator.



Do not put this unit into operation with any questionably maintained parts. Poor performance or a hazard may occur.

ELECTRICAL PANEL

- Check and tighten wire connections.
- Check quick connects on bottom of control panel.
- Check to see if starters and/or overloads are tripped.
- Check to see if relays, timers and/or breakers are tripped.
- Check quick connects on end of Auxiliary cord.
- Check and tighten wire connections.
- Check relay and fuse holder.
- Check power cords for cuts or frays and ensure ground is present.

MIX TANK

- Check motor.
- Check for any play in the mix tank shaft.
- Check valves, fittings, and plug on bottom of tanks for leaks.
- Check chemical tubing for abnormal wear.



PUMPS - PLUMBING - FLOW METER

- 1. Check pump in forward and reverse.
- 2. Make sure pump heads open and close smoothly.
- 3. Inspect tubing for uneven wear. Replace pump tubing often to ensure high flow rates can be achieved.
- 4. Check air actuated 3-Way valve. Clean brass filter if necessary.
- 5. Make certain the inside of the mix tank is completely drained of chemical residue.
- 6. Pump clean water through all areas of the plumbing including the mix tank, valves, and flow meter.
- 7. Remove and clean the filter.
- 8. Open all drain points, valves, and filter to let as much of the water drain as possible.
- 9. Disconnect power to the flow meter.
- 10. If your pump stand is equipped with a volumetric flow meter, remove it from the machine for additional cleaning.
 - A. Pre Mix a solution of 90% water and 10% distilled white vinegar.



Only use the vinegar and water solution mixed in these proportions to clean the flow meter. Use of any other cleaners, especially cleaners containing harsh chemicals may permanently damage the sensors and seals inside the flow meter.

- B. Use a size matched circular brush with soft plastic bristles. Dip the brush in the solution and gently move it up and down in the measuring pipe to avoid damaging the measuring pipe and sensor electrodes.
- C. Re-peat brushing with fresh fluid until measuring pipe is visually clean.
- D. Flush the flow meter inside and out with clean water to remove any of the cleaning solution residue.





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SECTION STORAGE

When storing the Manual Pump Stand for long periods of time, the following procedure must be followed to reduce the chance of rust, corrosion and fatigue of the treater. You can also use these steps when storing the machine for the winter.



A dust mask and protective rubber gloves shall be used when cleaning the machine.

- 1. Make certain the inside of the tank is completely drained of chemical residue and thoroughly flush the inside of the tank with clean water.
- 2. Remove and clean the filter.
- 3. Pump clean water through all areas of the plumbing including the mix tank, flow meter, and valves. It may be necessary to move the position of the air actuated 3-way valve from recirc to process in order to clean the chemical lines that run to the seed treater.
- 4. Open all drain points, valves, and filter to let as much of the liquid drain as possible.
- 5. If the pump stand will be exposed to possible freezing temperatures, the final flush of the system should be made with an non freezable liquid. Or use compressed air to blow the lines out from any moisture.
- 6. Open pump heads and remove tubing to prevent any unnecessary wear (see page 17).
- 7. Remove the flow meter from the pump stand and store in a location with the following conditions:
 - A. Ambient temperature of 50 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit.
 - B. Protection from direct sunlight to avoid unacceptable high surface temperatures.
 - C. Where moisture does not collect in or on the flow meter. This will help prevent fungus or bacteria infestation which can damage the liner.
 - D. Cover all openings.
 - E. Store I a manner so that the inlet and outlet are as much in an up and down position as possible.



NOTES:



USC LIMITED WARRANTY

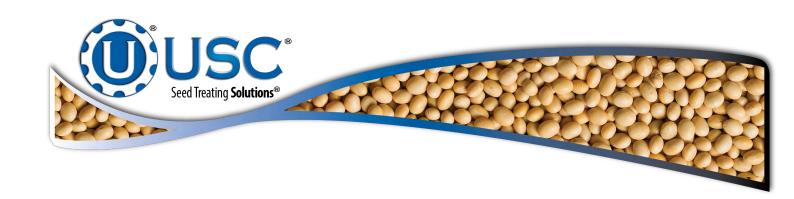
SECTION J

USC, LLC, (Manufacturer) warrants its seed treating equipment as follows:

- 1. <u>Limited Warranty</u>: Manufacturer warrants that the Products sold hereunder will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of 18 months from date of shipment. If the Products do not conform to this Limited Warranty during the warranty period, Buyer shall notify Manufacturer in writing of the claimed defects and demonstrate to Manufacturer satisfaction that said defects are covered by this Limited Warranty. If the defects are properly reported to Manufacturer within the warranty period, and the defects are of such type and nature as to be covered by this warranty, Manufacturer shall, at its expense, furnish replacement Products or, at Manufacturer's option, replacement parts for the defective products. Shipping and installation of the replacement Products or replacement parts shall be at the Buyer's expense.
- 2. Other Limits: THE FOREGOING IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Manufacturer does not warrant against damages or defects arising from improper installation (where installation is by persons other than Manufacturer), against defects in products or components not manufactured by Manufacturer, or against damages resulting from such non-Manufacturer made products or components. Manufacturer passes on to the Buyer the warranty it received (if any) from the maker of such non-Manufacturer made products or components. This warranty also does not apply to Products upon which repairs and / or modifications have been effected or attempted by persons other than pursuant to written authorization by Manufacturer. This includes any welding on equipment which could damage electrical components. Manufacturer does not warrant against casualties or damages resulting from misuse and / or abuse of Products, improper storage or handling, acts of nature, effects of weather, including effects of weather due to outside storage, accidents, or damages incurred during transportation by common carrier.
- 3. <u>Exclusive Obligation:</u> THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE. The sole and exclusive obligation of Manufacturer shall be to repair or replace the defective Products in the manner and for the period provided above. Manufacturer shall not have any other obligation with respect to the Products or any part thereof, whether based on contract, tort, strict liability or otherwise. Under no circumstances, whether based on this Limited Warranty or otherwise, shall Manufacturer be liable for lost profits, lost revenue, lost sales (whether direct or indirect damages), incidental, special, punitive, indirect or consequential damages.
- 4. <u>Other Statements:</u> Manufacturer's employees or representatives' oral or other written statements do not constitute warranties, shall not be relied upon by Buyer, and are not a part of the contract for sale or this limited warranty.
- 5. **Return Policy:** Approval is required prior to returning goods to Manufacturer. A restocking fee will apply.
- 6. <u>Entire Obligation:</u> This Limited Warranty states the entire obligation of Manufacturer with respect to the Products. If any part of this Limited Warranty is determined to be void or illegal, the remainder shall remain in full force and effect.

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